

SECTION 1 - General Information

Primary Contact First Name:

OSP Wild Crops

Important

- In order for this form to properly import into the PCO certification system, please save a copy of this form to your desktop and fill out via Acrobat Reader.
- Please DO NOT fill out this form using Preview (Mac) or in your internet browser (e.g. Internet Explorer, Firefox, Safari) as this will cause your data to be lost.
- When sending to PCO, please DO NOT "Print to PDF" as this renders an unreadable form. Please simply "save" the PDF document and send this document to PCO.

Instructions: Use this form if you are requesting organic certification of wild crops. A separate "Organic System Plan – Crops" must be filled out if you are growing other organic crops for sale. Use additional sheets if necessary. If you are a new applicant, attach a completed OSP General Information form.

Wild Crop (as defined in 7 CFR 205.2): Any portion of a plant that is collected or harvested from a site that is not maintained under cultivation or other agricultural management.

M.I:

Last Name:

Business Name:		
Collection Area Information		
Area Name	Location Information (e.g. street address, GPS coordinates, map reference - township, range, section)	Owned or Leased?

§205.201

1.1		his operation: Organic only (Skip to Section 2) Organic and nonorganic (i.e. split or parallel harvesting) (Answer questions a & b below)
	a)	Describe wild crops that are harvested from area(s) that are not being requested for organic certification:
L	b)	What procedures do you use to clearly identify and separate non-organic products and production inputs from organic products and allowed input materials to prevent commingling and contamination?

SECTION 2 - Land Requirements		§205.202
2.1 Is the collection area owned by you? Yes		
□ No		
a) If no, explain:		
2.2 Have you managed all collection areas Yes No	for three years or more?	
a) If no, check the type of documenta	tion attached that shows the eligibilit	y of this land for organic certification:
☐ Prior Land Use State	ment (signed by the previous	Copy of the organic certificate from a
owner/manager or	other knowledgeable person	previous owner/manager and
	vested and all inputs applied	documentation showing that this land has
during the previous	3 years)	been continuously certified with no lapse in organic management up to the date of
☐ Field and Crop Form	completed by previous land	transfer of management
manager (with previ		Ü
b) If yes, does your Field and Crop F years? Yes No	orm accurately reflect crops harveste	ed from the collection areas, including inputs for the last 3
2.3 Describe the type of natural environm	ent for each harvest area (e.g. Decidi	ious Forest, Coniferous Forest, Grasslands):
Harvest Area	Description	ous rorest, connerous rorest, Grassianas,.
That yese, wed	Description	

derstanding of it:	ction system (e.g. crop origir	 ,	,	. ,

SECTION 3 - Wild Crop Harvesting Practices	§205.207
CONSERVATION PRACTICES USED	
3.1 How do you maintain or improve the sustainability of the harvested species?	
 ☐ Harvest from stable populations ☐ Minimize disruption of priority species/sensitive habitats ☐ Avoid erosion 	Allow re-establishment Other (specify):
3.2 Describe how you monitor the health of the wild crop population and how oft	en monitoring is performed:

3.3 Ar	e t	there any rare, threatened, or endangered terrestrial or aquatic plants or animals that occur in the harvest area? No (Skip to question 3.4) Yes (Answer questions a & b below)
a)	List all such organisms:
b)	Describe methods used to prevent any negative impacts to these plants and/or animals, and describe how you monitor to verify lack of impact:

3.4 0	Do you have additional people acting as collectors of the wild crop? No Yes		
;	a)	If yes, describe how you ensure that all additional collectors are informed of your harvesting practices and monitoring procedures:	

PROTECTION OF THE COLLECTION AREA

3.5 Are	there any potential sources of contamination in or near the collection areas? No Yes
a)	If yes, please explain and indicate how contamination is prevented:
	cribe how the boundaries of organic collection areas are marked or otherwise indicated to collectors tree lines, streams, signs):
3.7 Do y	you maintain buffer zones around the collection areas?
	Yes
a)	If yes, what type? (Buffer zones must be identified on the collection areas maps.)

;	3.8 Explain any additional measures you use to prevent accidental contamination:

SECTION 4 - Water	§ § 205.200 & 205.203(c)-(d)
4.1 Do you use water? No (Skip to Section 5) Yes	
a) If yes, for what purpose?	
4.2 What are your sources of water?	
On-site well(s) River/creek/pond Spring Municipal/county	☐ Irrigation district☐ Other (specify):
4.3 If you use additives in the water, include them on th	ne Materials Used Form and attach copies of labels.

	R۱		

	 t is used on non-orga	

5.2 Describe how you monitor the wild crop population to ensure long-term viability of the species:		
		_
5.3 I	How do you ensure that harvesting practices are not environmentally detrimental to the wild crop habitat?	

6.4 Describe the steps you take to protect organic products from commingling and/or contamination during harvest:	

POST HARVEST HANDLING

General

5.5	cool	ou do any post-harvest handling of wild crops harvested on your farm (e.g. washing, cleaning, sorting, packing, ing, separation from foreign objects or plant parts, removal of stems leaves or husks, storage, or other activities that erve the essential form of the product)?
		□ No □ Yes
	a)	If yes, describe the wild crops, type(s) of post-harvest handling, and location(s) where this activity is done: Note: If the post-harvest handling activities described above impact other parts of your Organic System Plan (e.g. equipment cleanout, water use, facility pest management, prevention of commingling and contamination, and/or labeling), be sure to update these sections to not only include practices related to crop production but also all post-harvest handling activities.

OIII	ou further process any wild crops harvested on your farm (e.g. chopping, peeling, cutting, waxing, coating, drying, bining with other ingredients, cooking, baking, fermenting, or other actions that change the essential form of the prod
	☐ No ☐ Yes
)	If yes, describe the wild crops, types of processing activities, and location(s) where this activity is done: Note: You may need to complete an OSP Processor/Hander form. Contact PCO to confirm applicability.
1)	If yes, describe the products you receive from other operations and the types of activities you do: Note: You may need to complete an OSP Processor/Hander form. Contact PCO to confirm applicability.

Storage

5.7 Check your wild crop storage practices:	
 No wild crop storage (Skip to Packaging questions in this section) Store wild crops on-site Store wild crops off-site at a location that is certified organic (must have organic certificate available at inspection) Store wild crops off-site at a location that is leased or rented and where you are responsible for all management (must have lease or rental agreement available at inspection) 	Store wild crops off-site at an operation that is exempt (i.e. wild crops must be in sealed, tamper evident packaging and remain in the same package or container while in the control of the exempt storage operation and is not otherwise processed)
a) If wild crops are stored off-site at an exempt operation, an Exempt Ha Exempt Handler Affidavit attached	andler Affidavit is required.

5.8 Wild Crop Storage: Complete this table for all wild crops stored on-farm or off-site.

Wild Crop(s) Stored	Type of Storage	Size/Capacity	Location: on-site or other facility name	Certifier (if applicable)

☐ N/A, all st	orage is dedicated o	rganic		

Packaging N/A, no packaging of organic wild crops (Skip to Transportation questions in this section)	
5.10 Describe your methods to dry/cool, wash and pack crops. Include packaging materials and post-harvest treatments:	

Transportation N/A, no transportation of wild crops (Skip to Section 6)
<u>Transport</u> (movement of product(s) on a transportation vehicle e.g. moving organic grain or organic livestock from certified organic farms to a certified handling or slaughter facility) and <u>transloading</u> (moving products between transportation vehicles) do not require certification. Any other transportation adjacent activities including, but not limited to: combining, splitting, labeling/relabeling, loading/unloading unpackaged products into or from storage facility, etc. are considered handling and require certification, unless covered by exemptions 205.101(e) or (f). Certified organic operations responsible for organic products that are transported must: maintain sufficient records (for audit trail and traceability); demonstrate prevention of commingling; fully describe transportation practices in OSP; and have transportation records available at inspection.
Transporters/haulers must be certified if they engage in the following activities: buying/selling organic wild crops combining lots of organic wild crops treating organic wild crops loading or unloading organic wild crops at uncertified locations
5.11 Describe how organic wild crops are transported and who is responsible:
5.12 Do you use a third-party transportation company to haul/transport organic wild crops? No (Skip to 5.13)
Yes (Answer questions a-c below)
a) Provide the name(s) of persons/companies used to transport/haul organic wild crops:
b) Is the third-party transporter/hauler certified organic? Yes. Organic certificate attached No

5.13 What steps are taken to protect the integrity of the organic wild crops during transport?	
☐ Use of dedicated organic transportation vehicles☐ Documented cleaning of vehicles prior to loading☐ Other (specify):	

6.1 How do you market your organic products? Check all that apply:	
☐ Direct to retail ☐ Cont	k commodities to processor stract to buyer ser (specify):
6.2 Do you use or plan to use any retail labels? No Yes	
 a) If yes, attach a color copy of the label(s) Labels attached. Retail label must: Identify the ingredients as organic in the ingredient statement Identify PCO as the certifier directly below the contact info of the Organic by PCO" or a similar phrase 	
6.3 Do you use or plan to use any nonretail labels? No Yes	
 a) If yes, attach a color copy of the label(s) Labels attached. Nonretail label must include: 	additional identification of the product as
6.4 Do you use or plan to use any marketing materials for your organic wild crops? No Yes	
a) If yes, describe the types of marketing materials (e.g. website, social media, farm	i market signs, procnures, etc.) you use.

6.5 Do y	our labels identify PCO as the certifying agent? Yes No N/A, no labels used
a)	If no, explain:
6.6 Do y	ou use or plan to use the USDA organic seal on product labels or marketing materials? Yes No N/A, no labels or marketing materials used
6.7 Do y	ou use or plan to use the PCO organic logo on product labels or marketing materials? Yes No N/A, no labels or marketing materials used

7.1 Check which facilities you use for your organic wild crops:

§205.271 requires that operations use management practices to prevent pests (question 7.4). If pest pressure persists, mechanical and physical controls or lures/repellents using nonsynthetics or synthetics on the National List of Allowed and Prohibited Substances (question 7.5) must be used. If there is continued pest pressure an operation may elevate to using a non-synthetic or synthetic on the National List of Allowed and Prohibited Substances such as carbon dioxide, nitrogen gas, vitamin D3 bait, boric acid, diatomaceous earth, or soap products. As a last resort, and with prior approval from PCO, an operation may use a synthetic that is not on the National List. A Synthetic Facility Pest Management Agreement form must be completed if using a synthetic substance that is not on the National List.

Complete this section to describe pest control practices and materials used in any facility where organic wild crops or wild crop products are produced and/or stored.

 N/A I have no buildings/facilities that are used for any portion of my organic operation (Skip to section Wild crop storage area (bin, barn, shed, etc.) Wild crop handling area (wash stations, packing shed, etc.) 	8)
7.2 Attach facility map showing location of pest traps and monitoring devices. Map Attached	
7.3 Who is responsible for pest control in your facility? In-house Contracted pest control service (name):	
7.4 Which of the following management practices do you use to prevent pests? (Must use at least one) Remove pest habitat, food sources, and breeding areas Other (specify): Prevent access to handling facilities Manage environmental factors to prevent pest reproduction (temperature, light, humidity, atmosphere, air circulation)	
7.5 Which of the following practices do you use to control pests in organic production and storage areas? N/A, the preventative practices used in 7.4 above are sufficient to control pests Mechanical or physical controls, including traps, light or sound Lures and repellents using nonsynthetic or synthetic substances consistent with the National List. *List lures and repellents that you apply in organic production and storage areas on your Materials Used Form attached	orm.

7.6 If the measures listed in 7.4 and 7.5 above are not sufficient to prev (Note: List all pest control input materials that you apply in organic process.)	
 N/A, measures listed in 7.4 and 7.5 are sufficient to prevent and control pests □ Carbon dioxide □ Nitrogen gas □ Vitamin D3 bait □ Boric acid 	☐ Diatomaceous earth ☐ Soap products ☐ Other non-synthetic input materials ☐ Other synthetic input materials*
*Note: A Synthetic Facility Pest Management Agreement form input materials. This form must be submitted to PCO PRIOR to determine if this form is required.	
7.7 How do you prevent pest control materials from contacting organic	products, ingredients, and packaging materials?
 N/A, no pest control input materials used Remove product and packaging from areas to be treated Wash and rinse food contact surfaces after treatment 	Cover equipment used for food handling Purge equipment with nonorganic product Other (specify):
7.8 Where do you record pest control material use and measures taker	n to protect organic products or packaging?
N/A, no pest control input materials usedPesticide Use LogLog describing removal/reentry of products	☐ Purge log ☐ Other (specify):
7.9 Describe monitoring (including frequency) used to determine the e	ffectiveness of management practices above:

SECTION 8 - Recordkeeping \$\,\{\}205.403

Certified operations must maintain records concerning the production, management, and handling of agricultural products intended to be sold, labeled, or represented as organic. These records must fully disclose activities and transactions of your operation through all organic production and handling steps. Records will be verified at your inspection. As applicable, inspectors may examine non-organic recordkeeping to verify organic production.

Additionally, §205.403 requires that two types of audits are conducted at each inspection:

- Mass-balance: to verify that the quantities of organic product and ingredients produced or purchased account for organic product and ingredients used, stored, sold, and transported (i.e. inputs account for outputs)
- Traceback: A successful recordkeeping audit trail will use dates, lot numbers, field names, etc. to link incoming products/inputs
 from initial purchasing by your operation, through all production steps (harvesting), and to final sale or distribution. Records
 used in an audit trail include and are not limited to purchase invoices, harvest records, labels, sales invoices, organic
 certificates, bills of lading, and hauling records.

An operation's recordkeeping system, as required by §205.103, must be sufficient to support the required audits conducted during the on-site inspection.

Operations should review §205.103 of the organic regulations for specific recordkeeping requirements. If you have questions about what is required, contact PCO.

8.1 How do you ensure that you maintain audit trail documentation that is sufficient to determine the source, transfer of ownership ar transportation of organic products?
8.2 Does your audit trail documentation identify agricultural products on these records as "100% Organic" or "Organic"? Yes No
8.3. Does your audit trail documentation contain information that links to your nonretail labels? Yes No N/A, nonretail labels not used
8.4 Do you maintain recordkeeping to document amounts of organic products purchased or produced by your operation? Yes No
8.5 Do you maintain recordkeeping to document the amount of organic products used, stored, sold, transported or distributed by your operation? Yes No

3.6 Which	of the following records do you keep for organic produc	tion?
	Collection area maps Collection area activity log(s) Collection area history records (previous three years) Documentation of previous land use for rented and/or newly purchased land Equipment cleaning records Harvest records showing collection areas, date of harvest, harvest amounts Labor records Storage records showing storage identification, field numbers, amounts stored, cleaning activities	 ☐ Clean transport records ☐ Sales records (purchase order, contract, invoice, cash receipt journal, sales journal, etc.) ☐ Shipping records (scale ticket, dump station ticket, bill of lading, etc.) ☐ Transaction certificates ☐ Other (specify):
3.7 Describ	e how do you ensure that the above kept records are re	radily available upon request by PCO and/or available at inspection:
3.8 How lo	ng do you keep your records? (Must be at least 5 years)	

§205.201(a)(3) requires that the Organic System Plan (OSP) of a certified operation include a description of the monitoring practices and procedures to verify suppliers in the supply chain and organic status of agricultural products received, and to prevent organic fraud, as appropriate to the certified operation's activities, scope, and complexity.

Fraud prevention plans must describe practices that verify the organic status of suppliers and organic products, including how an operation verifies organic status back to the last certified operation in the supply chain. This supports the record keeping and audit trail requirements at §205.103(b)(2) and allows certifiers to verify compliance during on-site inspections and supply chain traceability audits.

Consider your operation's sourcing and selling of organic products and develop a plan that pertains to your operations' activities, including scope and complexity.

Producers should consider the following:

•	Purchases, transportation, and sales of post har	vest inputs (e.g. cleaners, sanitize	rs, pest control materials, etc)
9.1 Do '	vou work with any exempt handlers (i.e. uncertifice No (Skip to 9.2) Yes (Answer the questions a & b below)	ed handlers - cold storage facilitie	es, seed dealers)?
a)	If yes, check the types of activities they provide	for your operation (check all that	apply):
	Storage/Warehousing* Brokering* Wholesaling* Distributing* Licensed customs brokering Trading*		☐ Logistics brokering (e.g. freight forwarding)☐ Transporting☐ Other (specify)*:
b)	*The asterisk (*) indicates activities that require conducts any of these activities identified with Exempt Handler Affidavit(s) attache N/A, activities above do not contain	an asterisk (*), they must compleded (Skip to 9.2)	te the EHA.

c)	Does the exempt handler provide you with documentation showing full traceability** back to the last certified operation for each shipment? Yes
	☐ No, explain:
	**Note: Full traceability includes the following as applicable: • Identification of product as organic on nonretail containers
	Current organic certificate of the last certified organic operation
	 Documents generated by the last certified operation to the exempt handler proving purchase, delivery, and/or transfer
	 Purchase invoices, receipts, bills of lading, or other audit trail documentation Other audit trail documentation must designate the product as organic, include a description of the product,
	date of transaction, and amount transferred, and list the last certified operation and/or lot numbers applied by the last certified operation (must match lot numbers on exempt handler audit trail documentation).
) 2 Das	
9.2 Des ●	scribe the areas in your supply chain where: Fraud is most likely to occur; and
•	Where you are most likely to notice if purchased products (wild crops, inputs) or animals do not have organic certification
	(Note: These are often referred to as "critical organic control points)

$9.3\ \mbox{How}$ do you prevent fraud and ensure your supply chain is compliant?	Check all that apply:
☐ I participate in an existing Fraud Prevention Plan or Program (e.g. GFSI Food Fraud Vulnerability Assessment, OTA Organic Fraud Prevention Solutions) ☐ I create a map or inventory of my supply chain that identifies suppliers ☐ I identify critical organic control points in my supply chain where organic fraud or loss of organic status are most likely to occur ☐ I conduct an assessment to identify weaknesses in my procedures to ensure my suppliers and products I purchase are organic ☐ I include practices for verifying the organic status of any product I acquire and/or use prior to use	 ☐ I include a process to verify suppliers and minimize supplier risk to organic integrity prior to using a supplier ☐ I initiate mitigation measures to correct vulnerabilities and minimize risks (as identified in my assessment) ☐ I regularly monitor my practices and verification tools to assess the effectiveness of my mitigation measures ☐ Other (specify):
9.4 Describe the practices you use to verify the organic status of suppliers	:

scribe the practices you use to verify the organic status of products acq	quired/used:
w do you monitor the effectiveness of your fraud prevention plan?	
Residue test results GMO test results	☐ Internal audits ☐ Other (specify):
Mock recall	U Other (specify).
ν often do you monitor the effectiveness of your fraud prevention plar	n2
Weekly	As needed
☐ Monthly ☐ Annually	Other (specify):
L. Allitadily	
scribe your process for reporting suspected organic fraud to PCO and/o	or the NOP:

SECTION 10 - Additional Comments